

CLWYD PENSION FUND ACCOUNTS

Appendix 1

CLWYD PENSION FUND ACCOUNTS

for the year ended 31st March 2019

FUND ACCOUNT

2017/18 £000		Note	2018/19 £000
	Dealings with members, employers and others directly involved in the Fund		
(105,079)	Contributions	7	(74,327)
(4,839)	Transfers in		(4,379)
(109,918)			(78,706)
	Benefits payable :		
56,739	Pensions	8	59,825
12,058	Lump sums (retirement)		11,910
1,800	Lump sums (death grants)		1,891
70,597			73,626
5,689	Payments to and on account of leavers	9	6,625
76,286			80,251
(33,632)	Net (additions)/withdrawals from dealings with members		1,545
23,538	Management expenses	10	25,208
(10,094)	Net (additions)/withdrawals including fund management expenses		26,753
	Returns on Investments		
(10,060)	Investment income	11	(13,357)
0	Tax on investment income		
(77,179)	Change in market value of investments	12	(94,672)
(87,239)	Net return on investments		(108,029)
(97,333)	Net (increase)/decrease in the net assets available for benefits during the year		(81,276)
(1,688,166)	Opening net assets of the scheme		(1,785,499)
(1,785,499)	Closing net assets of the scheme		(1,866,775)

CLWYD PENSION FUND ACCOUNTS

NET ASSETS STATEMENT

2017/18 £000s		Note	2018/19 £000s
1,781,826	Investment Assets	13	1,862,743
1,781,826	Net Investment Assets		1,862,743
29	Long-term debtors	18	29
6,225	Debtors due within 12 months	18	5,817
(2,581)	Creditors	19	(1,814)
1,785,499	Net assets of the fund available to fund benefits at the end of the reporting period		1,866,775

Note: The Fund's financial statements do not take account of liabilities to pay pensions and other benefits after the period end. The actuarial present value of promised retirement benefits is disclosed in the actuary's report at page 31.

CLWYD PENSION FUND ACCOUNTS

NOTE 1 - THE MANAGEMENT AND MEMBERSHIP OF THE CLWYD PENSION FUND

General

Clwyd Pension Fund is part of the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) and is administered by Flintshire County Council. The County Council is the reporting entity for the pension fund.

The LGPS is a contributory defined scheme established by statute, which provides pensions and other benefits to employees and former employees of Flintshire County Council and the scheduled and admitted bodies in North East Wales. Teachers, police officers and firefighters are not included as they come within other national pension schemes. The fund is overseen by a Pension Committee which is a committee of Flintshire County Council.

The LGPS is governed by the Public Service Pensions Act 2013 and the following secondary legislation:

- The LGPS Regulations 2013, as amended;
- The LGPS (Transitional Provisions, Savings and Amendment) Regulations 2014, as amended; and
- The LGPS (Management and Investment of Funds) Regulations 2016.

The Fund is financed by contributions and investment earnings from the Fund's investments. Contributions are made by active members in accordance with the LGPS Regulations 2013, as amended, and range from 5.5% to 12.5% of pensionable pay for the financial year ending 31st March 2019. Employers also pay contributions to the Fund based on triennial funding valuations. The last valuation was at 31st March 2016, the findings of which became effective on 1st April 2017. The valuation showed that the funding level increased from the previous valuation (31st March 2013) from 68% to 76%. The employers' contribution rates are structured to achieve a gradual return to 100% funding level over a 14 year period from April 2018. Currently employer contribution rates range from 8.0% to 30.5% of pensionable pay.

Benefits

Prior to 1 April 2014, pension benefits under the LGPS were based on final pensionable pay and length of service, summarised below.

	Service pre 1 April 2008	Service post 31 March 2008
Pension	Each year worked is worth 1/80 x final pensionable pay	Each year worked is worth 1/60 x final pensionable pay
Lump sum	Automatic lump sum of 3 x pension. In addition, part of the annual pension can be exchanged for a one-off tax-free cash payment. A lump sum of £12 is paid for each £1 of pension given up.	No automatic lump sum. Part of the annual pension can be exchanged for a one-off tax-free cash payment. A lump sum of £12 is paid for each £1 of pension given up.

From 1 April 2014, the LGPS became a career average scheme, whereby members accrue benefits based on their pensionable pay in that year at an accrual rate of 1/49th. Accrued pension is uprated annually in line with the Consumer Price Index.

There are a range of other benefits provided under the scheme including early retirement, disability pensions and death benefits.

CLWYD PENSION FUND ACCOUNTS

In addition Clwyd Pension Fund provides an additional voluntary contribution (AVC) scheme for its members, the assets of which are invested separately from the pension fund. The Fund uses Prudential and Equitable Life as its AVC providers. AVCs are paid to the AVC providers by employers and provide additional benefits for individual contributors.

Governance

Flintshire County Council, as the pension fund administering authority, has delegated management of the Fund to the Clwyd Pension Fund Committee (the "Committee"). The Committee comprises five elected Members from Flintshire County Council and four co-opted members comprising two elected Members from unitary authorities, one other scheme employer representative and one scheme member representative, each with equal voting rights, access to training and to information. The Committee is responsible for both the administration and investment policy of the Fund.

In accordance with the Public Service Pensions Act 2013, the Council has set up a Local Pension Board to oversee the governance of the Pension Fund. The Board met three times in 2018/19 and has its own Terms of Reference. Board members are independent of the Pension Fund Committee.

Investment Strategy

In accordance with the LGPS (Management and Investment of Funds) Regulations 2016, the Committee approved the Investment Strategy Statement on 21 March 2017. The Statement shows the Fund's compliance with the Myners principles of investment management.

The Committee has delegated the management of Fund's investments to nine core investment managers appointed in accordance with the 2016 Regulations, and whose activities are specified in detailed investment management agreements and are monitored on a quarterly basis.

Membership

Membership of the LGPS is voluntary and employees are free to choose whether to join the scheme, remain in the scheme or make their own personal arrangement outside the scheme. Organisations participating in the Clwyd Pension Fund include:

- Scheduled bodies, which are local authorities and similar bodies whose staff are automatically entitled to be members of the Fund.
- Admitted bodies which participate in the Fund under an admission agreement between the Fund and the relevant organisation. Admitted bodies include voluntary, charitable and similar bodies or private contractors undertaking a local authority function following outsourcing to the private sector.

There are 42 employer bodies within the Fund with active members (including Flintshire County Council) and over 48,000 members are detailed below.

2017/18 No.	2018/19 No.
43 Number of employers with active members	42
16,543 Active members	16,528
12,296 Pensioners receiving benefits	12,981
17,822 Deferred Pensioners	18,583
46,661	48,092

CLWYD PENSION FUND ACCOUNTS

The scheduled bodies which contributed to the Fund during 2018/19 are:

Unitary Authorities:	Flintshire, Denbighshire, Wrexham.
Educational Organisations:	Coleg Cambria, Glyndwr University.
Town and Community Councils:	Acton, Argoed, Bagillt, Buckley, Caia Park, Cefn Mawr, Coedpoeth, Connah's Quay, Denbigh, Gwernymynydd, Hawarden, Hope, Marchwiel, Mold, Offa, Penyffordd, Prestatyn, Rhosllanerchrugog, Rhyl, Shotton
Other:	North Wales Fire Service, North Wales Valuation Tribunal,

The admitted bodies contributing to the Fund are:

Aramark Ltd	Chartwells	Holywell Leisure Ltd
Aura Leisure & Libraries Ltd	Civica UK	Home Farm Trust Ltd
Bodelwyddan Castle Trust	Denbigh Youth Group	Newydd Catering & Cleaning Ltd
Careers Wales	Freedom Leisure	Wrexham Commercial Services
Cartref y Dyffryn Ceiriog	Glyndwr Students' Union	
Cartref NI		

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PREPARATION

The Statement of Accounts summarises the Fund's transactions for the 2018/19 financial year and its position at year end as at 31st March 2019. The accounts have been prepared in accordance with the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2018/19 which is based upon International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), as amended for the UK public sector.

The accounts summarise the transactions of the Fund and report on the net assets available to pay pension benefits. The accounts do not take account of obligations to pay pensions and benefits which fall due after the end of the financial year. The actuarial present value of promised retirement benefits, valued on an International Accounting Standard (IAS) 26 basis, is disclosed in the actuary's report at page 31 of these accounts.

The accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis.

At the balance sheet date, the following new standards and amendments to existing standards have been published but not yet adopted by the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom:

- Amendments to IAS 40 Investment Property - provides further explanation of the instances in which a property can be reclassified as investment property.
- IFRIC 22 Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration - clarifies the treatment of payments in a foreign currency made in advance of obtaining or delivering goods or services.
- IFRIC 23 Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments - provides additional guidance on income tax treatment where there is uncertainty.
- Amendments to IFRS 9 Financial Instruments - Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation - amends IFRS9 to make clear that amortised cost should be used where prepayments are substantially lower than the unpaid principal and interest.
- IFRS 16 Leases - will require local authorities that are lessees to recognise most leases on their balance sheets as right-of-use assets with corresponding lease liabilities (there is recognition for low-value and short-term leases). CIPFA/LASAAC have deferred implementation of IFRS16 for local government to 1 April 2020.

CLWYD PENSION FUND ACCOUNTS

These changes are unlikely to have any material impact on the Fund's financial statements.

NOTE 3 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

In summary, accounting policies adopted are detailed as follows:

Fund Account – Revenue recognition

Contribution income

Normal contributions, both from the members and from the employer, are accounted for on an accruals basis at the percentage rate recommended by the fund actuary in the payroll period to which they relate. Employer deficit funding contributions are accounted for on the due dates on which they are payable under the schedule of contributions set by the scheme actuary or on receipt if earlier than the due date. Employers' augmentation contributions and pensions strain contributions are accounted for in the period in which the liability arises. Any amount due in year but unpaid will be classed as a current financial asset. Amounts not due until future years are classed as long-term financial assets.

Transfers to and from other schemes

Transfer values represent the amounts received and paid during the year for members who have either joined or left the Fund during the financial year and are calculated in accordance with the Local Government Pension Scheme Regulations 2013. Individual transfer values received and paid out have been accounted for on a cash basis.

Foreign currency transactions

Dividends, interest and purchases and sales of investments in foreign currencies have been accounted for at the spot market rates at the date of transaction. End-of-year spot market exchange rates are used to value cash balances held in foreign currency bank accounts, market values of overseas investments and purchases and sales outstanding at the end of the reporting period.

Investment income

Interest income is recognised in the Fund Account as it accrues, using the effective interest rate of the financial instrument as at the date of acquisition or origination. Income includes the amortisation of any discount or premium, transaction costs (where material) or other differences between the initial carrying amount of the instrument and its amount at maturity calculated on an effective interest rate basis.

Dividend income is recognised on the date the shares are quoted ex-dividend. Any amount not received by the end of the reporting period is disclosed in the net assets statement as a current financial asset.

Distributions from pooled funds are recognised at the date of issue. Any amount not received by the end of the reporting period is disclosed in the net assets statement as a current financial asset.

CLWYD PENSION FUND ACCOUNTS

Fund Account – expense items

Benefits payable

Pensions and lump-sum benefits payable include all amounts known to be due as at the end of the financial year. Lump sums are accounted for in the period in which the member becomes a pensioner. Any amounts due but unpaid are disclosed in the Net Assets Statement as current liabilities.

Taxation

The Fund is a registered public service scheme under Section 1(1) of Schedule 36 of the Finance Act 2004 and as such is exempt from UK income tax on interest received and from capital gains tax on the proceeds of investments sold.

As Flintshire County Council is the administering authority for the Fund, VAT input tax is recoverable from all Fund activities including expenditure on investment expenses.

Where tax can be reclaimed, investment income in the accounts is shown gross of UK tax. Income from overseas investments suffers withholding tax in the country of origin, unless exemption is permitted. Irrecoverable tax is accounted for as a fund expense as it arises.

Management expenses

The Fund discloses its administration, governance and investment management expenses in accordance with the CIPFA Guidance *Accounting for Local Government Pension Scheme Management Expenses* (2016).

Administration, oversight and governance expenses are also accounted for on an accruals basis. All Flintshire County Council staff costs are charged direct to the Fund and management, accommodation and other support service costs are apportioned to the Fund in accordance with Council policy.

Investment management expenses are accounted for on an accruals basis and include the fees paid and due to the fund managers and custodian, actuarial, performance measurement and investment consultant fees.

Net Assets Statement

Financial instruments

Financial assets are included in the Net Assets Statement on a fair value basis as at the reporting date. A financial asset is recognised in the Net Assets Statement on the date the Fund becomes party to the contractual acquisition of the asset. From this date any gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the asset are recognised in the Fund Account.

Financial liabilities are recognised at fair value on the date the Fund becomes party to the liability. From this date any gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the liability are recognised by the Fund as part of the Change in Value Investments.

The values of investments as shown in the Net Assets Statement have been determined at fair value in accordance with the requirements of the Code and IFRS13 (see Note 15). For the purposes of disclosing levels of fair value hierarchy, the Fund has adopted the classification guidelines recommended in *Practical Guidance on Investment Disclosures* (PRAG/Investment Association, 2016). Changes in the net market value of investments are

CLWYD PENSION FUND ACCOUNTS

recognised as income and comprise all realised and unrealised profits/losses during the year.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash in hand and demand deposits and includes amounts held by the fund's external managers. Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and that are subject to minimal risk of changes in value. Cash held in current accounts is kept to a minimum, all other cash deposits are included as part of investment balances in the net assets statement.

Actuarial present value of promised future retirement benefits

The actuarial value of promised future retirement benefits is assessed on a triennial basis by the scheme actuary in accordance with the requirements of the Code and IAS 26. As permitted under the Code, the Fund has opted to disclose the actuarial present value of promised retirement benefits by way of a report from the actuary (see page 31).

Additional Voluntary Contributions (AVCs)

The Clwyd Pension Fund provides an AVC scheme for its members, the assets of which are invested separately from those of the pension fund. AVCs are not included in the accounts in accordance with Regulation 4(1)(b) of the Local Government Pension Scheme (Management and Investment of Funds Regulations 2016, but are disclosed as a Note only (see Note 20).

NOTE 4 - CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Pension fund liability

The net pension fund liability is re-calculated every three years by the appointed actuary, with annual updates in the intervening years. The methodology used is in line with accepted guidelines. This estimate is subject to significant variances based on changes to the underlying assumptions which are agreed with the actuary and set out in the actuary's report at page 31. These actuarial re-valuations are used to set future contribution rates and underpin the fund's most significant investment management policies, for example in terms of the balance struck between longer term investment growth and short-term yield/return.

NOTE 5 - ASSUMPTIONS MADE ABOUT THE FUTURE AND OTHER MAJOR SOURCES OF UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported for assets and liabilities at the year-end date and the amounts reported for the revenues and expenses during the year. Estimates and assumptions are made taking into account historical experience, current trends and other relevant factors. However, the nature of estimation means that the actual outcomes could differ from the assumptions and estimates. The items in the Net Assets Statement at 31 March 2019 for which there is a significant risk of material adjustment in the forthcoming financial year are as follows.

CLWYD PENSION FUND ACCOUNTS

Item	Uncertainties	Effect if actual results differ from assumptions
Actuarial present value of promised retirement benefits (see page 31)	Estimation of the net liability to pay pensions depends on a number of complex judgements relating to the discount rate used, the rate at which salaries and pensions are projected to increase, changes in retirement ages, mortality rates and expected returns on pension fund assets. A firm of consulting actuaries is engaged to provide expert advice about the assumptions to be applied.	The effects on the net pension liability of changes in individual assumptions can be measured. For instance a 10% decrease in future investment returns would reduce the current funding level of 76% to 68%. A 10% increase in the current valuation of estimated future pension liabilities would reduce the funding level to 70%, and a combination of the two would reduce the funding level to 60%.
Value of investments at level 3	The Pension Fund contains investments in private equity, hedge funds and pooled funds including property, infrastructure, timber and agriculture, that are classified within the financial statements as level 3 investments in note 15 to these accounts. The fair value of these investments is estimated using a variety of techniques which involve some degree of tolerance around the values reported in the Net Assets Statement	Note 15 summarises the techniques used, the key sensitivities underpinning the valuations and the sensitivity or tolerance around the values reported.

NOTE 6 - POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

The accounts outlined within the statement represent the financial position of the Clwyd Pension Fund as at 31st March 2019. Performance of global financial markets since this date may have affected the financial value of pension fund investments as reported in the Net Asset Statement, but do not affect the ability of the Fund to pay its pensioners.

CLWYD PENSION FUND ACCOUNTS

NOTE 7 - ANALYSIS OF CONTRIBUTIONS RECEIVABLE

By employer

2017/18 £000s	2018/19 £000s
(27,479) Administering Authority - Flintshire County Council	(27,244)
(74,495) Scheduled bodies	(43,575)
(3,105) Admitted bodies	(3,508)
(105,079) Total	(74,327)

By type

2017/18 £000s	2018/19 £000s
(14,829) Employees contributions	(15,519)
Employers contributions:	
(36,175) Normal contributions	(38,370)
(52,570) Deficit contributions	(18,885)
(1,505) Augmentation contributions	(1,553)
(90,250) Total employers' contributions	(58,808)
(105,079)	(74,327)

The decrease in deficit contributions was a result of three employers paying three year deficit contributions in full in 2017/18.

NOTE 8 – BENEFITS PAYABLE

By employer

2017/18 £000s	2018/19 £000s
27,066 Administering Authority - Flintshire County Council	26,877
42,330 Scheduled bodies	45,611
1,201 Admitted bodies	1,138
70,597	73,626

CLWYD PENSION FUND ACCOUNTS

By type

2017/18	2018/19
£000s	£000s
56,739 Pensions	59,825
12,058 Lump sums (retirement)	11,910
1,800 Lump sums (death grants)	1,891
70,597	73,626

NOTE 9 – PAYMENTS TO AND ON ACCOUNT OF LEAVERS

2017/18	2018/19
£000s	£000s
5,316 Transfer values paid (individual)	6,257
101 Refunds of contributions	149
272 Other	219
5,689 Total	6,625

CLWYD PENSION FUND ACCOUNTS

NOTE 10 – MANAGEMENT EXPENSES

2017/18	2018/19
£000s	£000s
1,399 Oversight and Governance	2,020
20,570 Investment Management Expenses (see Note 10A)	21,249
1,569 Administration costs	1,939
23,538 Total	25,208

The Oversight and Governance costs include the fees payable to the Wales Audit Office for the external audit of the Fund of £39k for 2018/19 (£39k in 2017/18).

Note 10A – INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT EXPENSES

2017/18	2018/19
£000s	£000s
941 Transaction costs	2,265
15,761 Fund Management Fees	14,048
31 Custody Fees	31
3,837 Performance related fees	4,905
20,570 Total	21,249

The increase in transaction costs are due to the cost transparency initiative.

NOTE 11 - INVESTMENT INCOME

2017/18	2018/19
£000s	£000s
(4,593) Private equity income	(3,865)
(2,509) Pooled Investments	(7,906)
(2,540) Pooled property investments	(1,047)
(17) Interest on cash deposits	(38)
(401) Other income	(501)
(10,060) Total	(13,357)

CLWYD PENSION FUND ACCOUNTS

NOTE 12 – RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN INVESTMENTS AND DERIVATIVES

	Market Value 1 April 2018	Purchases	Sales	Change in market value	Market Value 31 March 2019
	£000s	£000s	£000s	£000s	£000s
Bonds	204,372	0	0	(582)	203,790
Pooled investment vehicles	1,033,560	92,730	(100,334)	63,949	1,089,905
Pooled Property Funds	115,522	11,469	(12,208)	8,052	122,836
Infrastructure	42,125	23,630	(6,628)	7,476	66,604
Timber and agriculture	25,772	0	(3,874)	1,376	23,274
Private equity	188,399	39,137	(41,309)	25,356	211,584
Hedge Fund	150,885	0	(943)	(10,957)	138,985
	1,760,635	166,967	(165,296)	94,672	1,856,978
Other investment balances:					
Cash	21,191			0	5,765
Net investment assets	1,781,826			94,672	1,862,743

	Market Value 1 April 2017	Purchases	Sales	Change in market value	Market Value 31 March 2018
	£000s	£000s	£000s	£000s	£000s
Bonds	198,621	0	0	5,751	204,372
Pooled investment vehicles	980,438	470,807	(459,470)	41,785	1,033,560
Pooled Property Funds	114,714	4,701	(12,174)	8,281	115,522
Infrastructure	31,761	13,428	(2,691)	(373)	42,125
Timber and agriculture	29,103	173	(1,908)	(1,596)	25,772
Private equity	170,389	40,675	(41,418)	18,753	188,399
Hedge Fund	127,279	20,000	(972)	4,578	150,885
	1,652,305	549,784	(518,633)	77,179	1,760,635
Other investment balances:					
Cash	33,623			0	21,191
Net investment assets	1,685,928			77,179	1,781,826

CLWYD PENSION FUND ACCOUNTS

NOTE 13A – ANALYSIS OF INVESTMENTS

2017/18 £000		2018/19 £000
	Bonds - overseas	
204,372	Corporate unquoted	203,790
	Pooled investment vehicles:	
25,772	Timber and agriculture - unquoted LLP	23,274
117,023	Managed equity funds - quoted overseas	268,550
146,973	Managed equity funds - unquoted	0
	Infrastructure	
11,764	Limited liability partnerships quoted	15,133
30,361	Limited Liability Partnerships - unquoted	51,471
0	Liability driven investments - quoted UK	0
400,005	Liability driven investments - unquoted	422,854
80,751	Multi strategy investments - quoted	83,524
273,431	Multi strategy investments - unquoted	282,233
15,378	Fixed income funds - unquoted	32,744
	Pooled property investment vehicles	
42,578	Open-ended unquoted	43,748
72,944	Closed-ended unquoted	79,088
	Private equity	
	Limited liability partnerships	
30,647	Unquoted - Opportunistic funds	46,840
0	Quoted private equity funds	0
157,751	Unquoted private equity funds	164,744
	Hedge Funds	
150,885	Quoted private equity funds	138,985
1,760,635		1,856,978
21,191	Cash	5,765
1,781,826	NET INVESTMENT ASSETS	1,862,743

CLWYD PENSION FUND ACCOUNTS

NOTE 13B – ANALYSIS BY FUND MANAGER

2017/18		2018/19	
£000	%	£000	%
400,005	22.7	422,854	22.8
204,372	11.6	203,790	11.0
188,710	10.7	198,871	10.7
159,306	9.0	83,362	4.5
	0.0	78,672	4.2
150,885	8.6	138,985	7.5
122,182	6.9	118,828	6.4
80,751	4.6	83,524	4.5
67,228	3.8	77,034	4.1
15,378	0.9	26,760	1.4
157,752	9.0	164,744	8.9
115,522	6.6	122,836	6.6
42,125	2.4	66,604	3.6
30,647	1.7	46,840	2.5
25,772	1.5	23,274	1.3
1,760,635	100 Total	1,856,978	100

The UK holdings as at 31st March 2019 account for 33% of total investments at market value.

2017/18		2018/19	
£000	%	£000	%
554,152	31	616,724	33
1,206,483	69	1,240,254	67
1,760,635	100 Total	1,856,978	100

CLWYD PENSION FUND ACCOUNTS

The following investments represent more than 5% of the net assets of the scheme. All of these companies are registered in the UK.

2017/18		Manager	Holding	2018/19	
£000	%			£000	%
400,005	22.4	Insight	LDI Active 22 Fund	422,854	22.7
132,224	7.4	Stone Harbour	SHI LIBOR Multi Strategy No2 Portfolio	131,656	7.1

NOTE 14 – DERIVATIVES

No derivative instruments were held by Clwyd Pension Fund at 31 March 2019 or 31 March 2018.

NOTE 15 - FAIR VALUE OF INVESTMENTS

Fair Value – Basis of valuation

The basis of the valuation of each class of investment asset is set out below. There has been no change in the valuation techniques used during the year. All assets have been valued using fair value techniques based on the characteristics of each instrument, with the overall objective of maximising the use of market-based information.

CLWYD PENSION FUND ACCOUNTS

Description of asset	Valuation hierarchy	Basis of valuation	Observable and unobservable inputs	Key sensitivities affecting the valuations provided
Quoted Pooled Investment Vehicles	Level 1	Quoted market bid price on the relevant exchange	Not required	Not required
Infrastructure	Level 1	Published bid price ruling on the final day of the accounting period	Not required	Not required
Unquoted bond funds	Level 2	Closing bid-market price for the underlying assets in each sub-fund subject to any premiums or discounts	Net Asset value (NAV)-based pricing set on a forward pricing basis	Not required
Quoted Pooled Investment Vehicles	Level 2	Closing bid price where bid and offer prices are published. Closing bid price where single price published	NAV-based pricing set on a forward pricing basis	Not required
Unquoted pooled investment vehicles	Level 3	Valued quarterly at NAV in accordance with <i>International Private Equity and Venture Capital Association Guidelines</i>	Valued net of unrealised gains/losses on hedging	Internal rate of return
Pooled property funds	Level 2	Bid market price	Existing lease terms and rentals, tenant's covenant strength, lease length, transactional activity in the sector	Not required
Hedge Fund	Level 2	Valued monthly using closing bid price where bid and offer prices are published or closing single price where single price published	NAV-based pricing set on a forward pricing basis	Not required

CLWYD PENSION FUND ACCOUNTS

Description of asset	Valuation hierarchy	Basis of valuation	Observable and unobservable inputs	Key sensitivities affecting the valuations provided
Pooled Property Funds	Level 3	Valued quarterly at NAV in accordance with <i>International Private Equity and Venture Capital Association Guidelines</i>	EBITDA multiples, revenue multiples, discount for lack of market evidence, control premium	EBITDA achieved compared with forecast
Infrastructure	Level 3	Valued using discounted cashflow techniques to generate a net present value	Discount rate and cashflows used in the models	Rates of inflation, interest, tax and currency exchange
Timber and agriculture	Level 3	NAV of underlying funds using a mixture of cost, income and sales comparison approaches depending on the maturity of the investment. Valued annually, subject to quarterly adjustments based on harvest	Productive area, current and forecast prices and costs, marketing and harvest constraints, growth rates and discount rates	Market price for timber and agricultural product, land values and discount rates
Private equity and hedge fund	Level 3	Valued quarterly at NAV using the market approach using quarterly financial statements in accordance with <i>International Private Equity and Venture Capital Association Guidelines</i>	EBITDA multiples, revenue multiples, discount for lack of market evidence, control premium	Valuations could be affected by material events between the date of the financial statements provided and the pension fund's reporting date, changes to cashflows and differences between audited and unaudited accounts

Investments have been classified into three levels, according to the quality and reliability of information used to determine fair values. Transfers between levels are recognised in the year in which they occur.

Level 1 - where fair values are derived from unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

CLWYD PENSION FUND ACCOUNTS

Level 2 - where quoted market prices are not available, valuation techniques are used to determine fair value.

Level 3 – where at least one input that could have a significant effect on the investment’s valuation is not based on observable market data. Sensitivity analysis of Level 3 assets is shown below.

	Assessed Valuation Range (+/-) %	Market at 31 March 2019 £000	Value on Increase £000	Value on Decrease £000
Pooled investment vehicles (incl LDI)	10%	32,744	36,018	29,470
Pooled Property Funds	10%	56,165	61,781	50,548
Infrastructure	10%	51,471	56,618	46,324
Timber and agriculture	7%	23,274	24,904	21,645
Private equity (incl Opportunistic Funds)	10%	211,584	232,743	190,426
Hedge Fund	10%	5,656	6,222	5,090
Total		380,894	418,286	343,503

	Assessed Valuation Range (+/-) %	Market at 31 March 2018 £000	Value on Increase £000	Value on Decrease £000
Pooled investment vehicles (incl LDI)	10%	15,378	16,916	13,840
Pooled Property Funds	10%	51,529	56,682	46,376
Infrastructure	10%	30,361	33,397	27,325
Timber and agriculture	7%	25,772	27,576	23,968
Private equity (incl Opportunistic Funds)	10%	188,399	207,239	169,559
Hedge Fund	10%	6,645	7,310	5,981
Total		318,084	349,120	287,049

The following tables show the position of the Fund’s assets at 31st March 2019 based on the Fair Value hierarchy:

CLWYD PENSION FUND ACCOUNTS

2018/19	Quoted Market	Using	With significant	Total
	Price	observable	unobservable	
	Level 1	inputs	inputs	
	£000	Level 2	Level 3	£000
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Bonds	0	203,790	0	203,790
Pooled investment vehicles	198,217	858,944	32,744	1,089,905
Pooled Property Funds	0	66,671	56,165	122,836
Infrastructure	15,133	0	51,471	66,604
Timber and agriculture	0	0	23,274	23,274
Private equity	0	0	211,584	211,584
Hedge Fund	0	133,329	5,656	138,985
Total	213,350	1,262,734	380,894	1,856,978

2017/18	Quoted Market	Using	With significant	Total
	Price	observable	unobservable	
	Level 1	inputs	inputs	
	£000	Level 2	Level 3	£000
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Bonds	0	204,372	0	204,372
Pooled investment vehicles	197,774	820,408	15,378	1,033,560
Pooled Property Funds	0	63,993	51,529	115,522
Infrastructure	11,764	0	30,361	42,125
Timber and agriculture	0	0	25,772	25,772
Private equity	0	0	188,399	188,399
Hedge Fund	0	144,240	6,645	150,885
Total	209,538	1,233,013	318,084	1,760,635

CLWYD PENSION FUND ACCOUNTS

NOTE 15A: RECONCILIATION OF FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS WITHIN LEVEL 3

	Market Value Value 1 April 2018	Purchases	Sales	Transfers into Level 3	Transfers out of Level 3	Realised gains/ (losses)	Unrealised gains/ (losses)	Market Value 31 March 2019
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss								
Pooled investment vehicles (incl LDI)	15,378	17,643	0			0	(277)	32,744
Pooled Property Funds	51,529	11,469	(11,662)			2,877	1,951	56,165
Infrastructure	30,361	23,341	(5,815)			3,456	128	51,471
Timber and agriculture	25,772	0	(3,291)			2,418	(1,624)	23,274
Private equity (incl Opportunistic Func	188,399	39,137	(37,577)			8,095	13,530	211,584
Hedge Fund	6,645	0	0			0	(989)	5,656
Net investment assets	318,084	91,590	(58,345)	0	0	16,846	12,719	380,894

The Fund holds no other assets or liabilities at fair value. There were no transfers between levels during 2018/19.

CLWYD PENSION FUND ACCOUNTS

	Market Value 1 April 2017	Purchases	Sales	Transfers into Level 3	Transfers out of Level 3	Realised gains/ (losses)	Unrealised gains/ (losses)	Market Value 31 March 2018
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss								
Pooled investment vehicles (incl LDI)	12,768	14,914			(12,768)		464	15,378
Pooled Property Funds	74,795	4,701	(12,174)		(21,415)	734	4,888	51,529
Infrastructure	18,718	13,059	(2,691)			1,989	(714)	30,361
Timber and agriculture	29,103	173	(1,908)			164	(1,760)	25,772
Private equity (incl Opportunistic Func	169,376	40,675	(41,418)			9,142	10,624	188,399
Hedge Fund	9,634						(2,989)	6,645
Net investment assets	314,394	73,522	(58,191)	0	(34,183)	12,029	10,513	318,084

CLWYD PENSION FUND ACCOUNTS

NOTE 16 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

NOTE 16A - CLASSIFICATION OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The following table analyses the carrying amounts of financial instruments by category and net assets statement heading. No financial instruments were reclassified during the accounting period.

2017/18			2018/19		
Fair Value through profit and loss £000	Loans and receivables £000	Financial liabilities at amortised cost £000	Fair Value through profit and loss £000	Loans and receivables £000	Financial liabilities at amortised cost £000
Financial assets:					
204,372			203,790		
1,033,560			1,089,905		
115,552			122,836		
42,125			66,604		
25,772			23,274		
188,399			211,584		
150,885			138,985		
	21,191			5,765	
	314			373	
1,760,665	21,505	0	1,856,978	6,138	
Financial liabilities:					
		(760)			(513)
0	0	(760)	0	(513)	
1,760,665	21,505	(760)	1,856,978	5,625	

CLWYD PENSION FUND ACCOUNTS

NOTE 16B: NET GAINS AND LOSSES ON FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

2017/18	2018/19
£000	£000
Financial assets:	
77,179 Designated at fair value through profit and loss	94,672
0 Loans and receivables	0
Financial liabilities:	
0 Designated at fair value through profit and loss	0
0 Financial liabilities at amortised cost	0
77,179 Total	94,672

CLWYD PENSION FUND ACCOUNTS

NOTE 17 – NATURE AND EXTENT OF RISKS ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Procedures for Managing Risk

The Fund's primary long-term risk is that its assets will fall short of its liabilities (i.e. promised benefits payable to members). Therefore the aim of investment risk management is to minimise the risk of an overall reduction in the value of the fund and to maximise the opportunity for gains across the whole portfolio. The fund achieves this through asset diversification to reduce exposure to market and credit risk to an acceptable level. In addition, the Fund manages its liquidity risk to ensure there is sufficient liquidity to meet the Fund's forecast cashflows.

Responsibility for the Fund's risk management strategy rests with the Clwyd Pension Fund Committee (the Committee) and is set out in the Investment Strategy Statement (ISS), which is available on the Fund's website (www.clwydpensionfund.org.uk).

The ISS is subject to annual review and has been prepared taking into account advice from the fund's consultants. The Committee manages investment risks, including credit risk and market risk, within agreed risk limits, which are set after taking into account the fund's strategic investment objectives. These investment objectives and risk limits are implemented through the investment management agreements in place with the fund's investment managers and monitored by the Committee by regular review of the investment portfolio throughout the year.

The investment objective of the Committee is to achieve and maintain a portfolio of suitable assets of appropriate liquidity equal to 100% of liabilities within the 15 year average timeframe, whilst remaining within reasonable risk parameters.

The current strategy is to hold:

- 81% in return-seeking investments comprising UK and overseas equities pooled funds, investment property funds, hedge funds, private equity, venture capital and infrastructure;
- 19% in investments that move in line with the long-term liabilities of the fund. This is referred to as Liability Driven Investment (LDI) and comprises UK and overseas government and corporate bonds, and repurchase agreements which allow the fund to gain unfunded exposure to gilts.

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk of loss from general market fluctuations in equity and commodity prices, interest and foreign exchange rate and credit spreads. The fund is exposed to market risk in all its investment activities. The Committee seeks to manage this risk through diversifying investments across a range of asset classes and markets with low correlations with each other and across a selection of managers. In addition, the Committee sets a strategic benchmark in the ISS for each asset class subject to fixed tolerances which also seeks to diversify and minimise risk through a broad spread of investments across both the main and alternative asset classes and geographic regions within each asset class. The current benchmark is targeted to produce long-term returns of 6.5% with a volatility of around 12.6%.

CLWYD PENSION FUND ACCOUNTS

Market risk is also managed through manager diversification with no single manager managing more than 23% of the fund's assets. Currently the maximum holding within any one fund manager is 22.8% with Insight managing the LDI mandate, which is within this limit.

Price risk

Price risk represents the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or foreign exchange risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual instrument or its issuer or factors affecting all such instruments.

The fund is exposed to share and derivative price risk. This arises from investments held by the Fund for which the future price is uncertain. All securities investments present a risk of loss of capital. The fund's investment managers mitigate this price risk through diversification and the selection of securities and other financial instruments. The following table demonstrates the change in the net assets available to pay benefits if the market price had increased or decreased by an average of 6.66%, which is the three-year price volatility as advised by the Fund's consultants for the fund's investment strategy.

Assets exposed to price risk	Value £000s	3 year volatility range %	Value on increase £000s	Value on decrease £000s
As at 31 March 2018	1,781,826	8.00%	1,902,970	1,618,300
As at 31 March 2019	1,862,743	6.66%	1,986,728	1,738,758

Interest Rate Risk

The fund invests in cash-based financial instruments for the primary purpose of obtaining a return on investments. Bonds and cash are subject to interest rate risks, which represent the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The table below demonstrates the change in value of these assets had interest rates varied by 1%. It should be noted that the value of bonds varies inversely to interest rates.

Assets exposed to interest rate risk	Value £000s	Value on 1% increase £000s	Value on 1% decrease £000s
As at 31 March 2018	225,563	223,731	227,395
As at 31 March 2019	209,554	207,574	211,535

Currency Risk

Currency risk represents the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of the changes in foreign exchange rates. The fund is exposed to currency risk because some of the fund's investments are held in overseas markets through pooled vehicles. The following table sets out the fund's potential currency exposure as at 31st March 2019:

CLWYD PENSION FUND ACCOUNTS

Assets exposed to currency risk	Value £000s	Percentage change %	Value on increase £000s	Value on decrease £000s
As at 31 March 2018	1,204,394	8.85%	1,310,981	1,097,808
As at 31 March 2019	1,240,254	8.20%	1,341,923	1,138,585

Credit Risk

Credit risk represents the risk that the counterparty to a transaction or a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the fund to incur a financial loss.

The fund is exposed to credit risk because it invests in pooled investment vehicles and is therefore directly exposed to the credit risk in the pooled investment vehicle and indirectly exposed the credit risks arising on financial instruments held by the pooled investment vehicles.

The market values of investments generally reflect an assessment of credit in their pricing and consequently the risk of loss is implicitly provided for in the carrying value of the fund's financial assets and liabilities. The selection of high quality fund managers, counterparties, brokers and financial institutions minimises credit risk that may occur through the failure to settle a transaction in a timely manner.

Cash is held in financial institutions which are at least investment grade credit rated.

There is a risk that some admitted bodies may not honour their pension obligations with the result that any ensuing deficit might fall upon the fund. To mitigate this risk, the fund regularly monitors the financial position of its admitted bodies.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the fund will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Committee monitors cashflows regularly during the year and as part of the triennial funding review and takes steps to ensure that there are adequate cash resources to meet its commitments.

The Fund has immediate access to its cash holdings. The Fund defines liquid assets as assets that can be converted to cash within three months, subject to normal market conditions. As at 31 March 2019, liquid assets were £1,476m representing 80% of total fund assets (£1,462m at 31 March 2018 representing 82% of the Fund at that date). The majority of these investments can in fact be liquidated within a matter of days.

CLWYD PENSION FUND ACCOUNTS

NOTE 18 – DEBTORS

2017/18 £000s	2018/19 £000s
29 Long-term debtors	29
Short-term debtors	
1,172 Contributions due - Employees	1,264
4,721 Contributions due - Employers	4,140
303 Prepayments	339
29 Sundry debtors	74
6,225 Total Short-term debtors	5,817
6,254 Total	5,846

NOTE 19 – CREDITORS

2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000
(18) Contributions received in advance	(130)
(1,708) Benefits payable	(1,082)
(531) Administering authority	(98)
(324) Sundry creditors	(504)
(2,581) Total	(1,814)

NOTE 20 - ADDITIONAL VOLUNTARY CONTRIBUTIONS (AVCs)

Clwyd Pension Fund has engaged two additional voluntary contribution (AVC) providers: Prudential Assurance Company Ltd and Equitable Life Assurance Society. The value of the funds invested with both AVC providers are shown below. AVCs paid directly to the Prudential are shown below.

In accordance with Regulation 4(1)(b) of the Local Government Pension Scheme (Management and Investment of Funds) Regulations 2016, the contributions paid and the assets of these investments are not included in the Fund's Accounts.

2017/18 £000	2018/19 £000
922 Contributions in the year	1,270
Value of AVC funds at 31 March:	
5,213 Prudential	5,395
420 Equitable Life	408
5,633 Total	5,803

CLWYD PENSION FUND ACCOUNTS

NOTE 21 – AGENCY SERVICES

Clwyd Pension Fund pays discretionary awards to former employees of the current unitary authorities and Coleg Cambria shown below together with former local authorities, current town and community councils and other bodies listed below under Other employers.

2017/18 £000s	2018/19 £000s
534 Conwy County Borough Council	519
1,778 Denbighshire County Council	1,733
3,136 Flintshire County Council	3,088
21 Powys County Council	20
2,190 Wrexham County Borough Council	2,150
57 Coleg Cambria	55
58 Other employers	49
7,774 Total	7,614

NOTE 22 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Governance

Under legislation, introduced in 2004, Councillors are entitled to join the Pension Scheme. As at 31st March 2019, four Members of the Clwyd Pension Fund Committee had taken this option.

The four Co-opted Members of the Pension Fund Committee receive fees in relation to their specific responsibilities as members of the Committee in the form of an attendance allowance that is in line with that adopted by Flintshire County Council.

Flintshire County Council

During the year Flintshire County Council incurred costs of £1.8m (£1.6m in 2017/18) in relation to the administration of the Fund and was subsequently reimbursed by the Fund for these expenses. The costs have been included within Oversight & Governance costs and administration expenses at Note 10.

Key Management Personnel

The key management personnel of the Fund are the Members of the Pension Fund Committee, the Flintshire Chief Executive and the Flintshire s.151 officer. Total remuneration payable to key management personnel is set out below:

2017/18 £000s	2018/19 £000s
26 Short-term benefits	26
6 Post-employment benefits	23
32 Total	49

CLWYD PENSION FUND ACCOUNTS

NOTE 23 MATERIAL ITEMS OF INCOME AND EXPENSE

For the purpose of this Note, the Council considers material items of income and expense to be those exceeding £19m. During the year the Fund incurred the following material transactions:

- Sold £20m from the Insight LDI
- Sold £74m from the Investec Global Equities Fund
- Invested £74m in the Wales Pension Partnership (Russell Investment Global Equities).

NOTE 24 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

As at 31 March 2019, the Fund has contractual commitments of £1,009m (£760m in 2017/18) in private equity, infrastructure, timber and agriculture, and property funds, of which £685m (£523m in 2017/18) has been deployed, leaving an outstanding commitment of £324m (£237m at 31 March 2018).

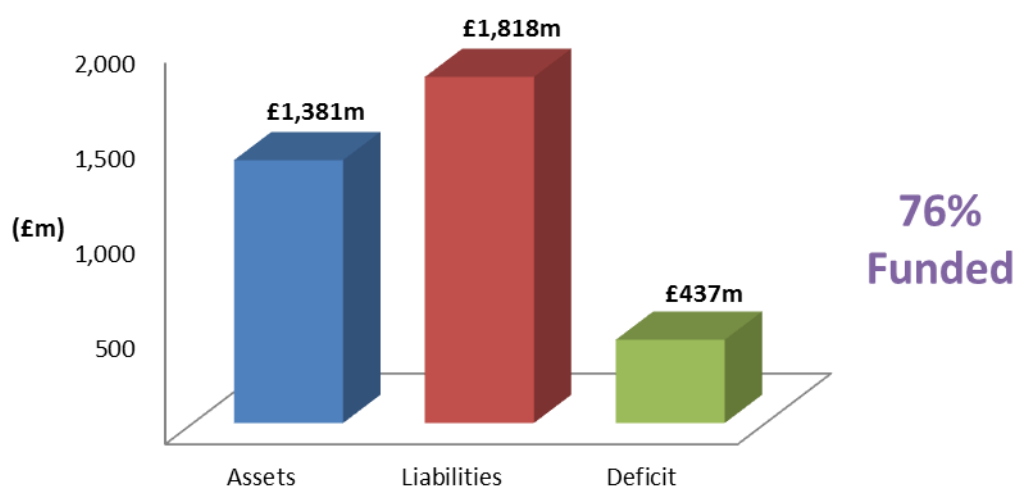
CLWYD PENSION FUND

- ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019 - STATEMENT BY THE CONSULTING ACTUARY

This statement has been provided to meet the requirements under Regulation 57(1)(d) of The Local Government Pension Scheme Regulations 2013.

An actuarial valuation of the Clwyd Pension Fund was carried out as at 31 March 2016 to determine the contribution rates with effect from 1 April 2017 to 31 March 2020.

On the basis of the assumptions adopted, the Fund's assets of £1,381 million represented 76% of the Fund's past service liabilities of £1,818 million (the "Funding Target") at the valuation date. The deficit at the valuation was therefore £437 million.



The valuation also showed that a Primary contribution rate of 15.3% of pensionable pay per annum was required from employers. The Primary rate is calculated as being sufficient, together with contributions paid by members, to meet all liabilities arising in respect of service after the valuation date.

The funding objective as set out in the Funding Strategy Statement (FSS) is to achieve and then maintain a solvency funding level of 100% of liabilities (the solvency funding target). In line with the FSS, where a shortfall exists at the effective date of the valuation a deficit recovery plan will be put in place which requires additional contributions to correct the shortfall (or contribution reductions to refund any surplus).

The FSS sets out the process for determining the recovery plan in respect of each employer. At the most recent actuarial valuation the average deficit recovery period was 15 years, and the total initial recovery payment (the "Secondary rate") for the three years commencing 1 April 2017 is approximately £29.4 million per annum. For most employers, the Secondary rate will increase each year at the rate of 3.45%, except where phasing has been applied or where it was agreed with the employer to pay a flat contribution. With the agreement of the Administering Authority employers could also opt to pay some of their employer contributions early (after suitably agreed reductions), with either all three years' contributions being paid in April 2017 or payment being made annually in advance each April.

CLWYD PENSION FUND ACCOUNTS

Further details regarding the results of the valuation are contained in the formal report on the actuarial valuation dated 31 March 2017.

In practice, each individual employer's funding position is assessed separately and the resulting contributions required (Primary and Secondary rates) are set out in the report. In addition to the certified contribution rates, payments to cover additional liabilities arising from early retirements (other than ill-health retirements) will be made to the Fund by the employers.

The funding plan adopted in assessing the contributions for each individual employer is in accordance with the FSS. Any different approaches adopted, e.g. with regard to the implementation of contribution increases and deficit recovery periods, are as determined and agreed through the FSS consultation process.

The valuation was carried out using the projected unit actuarial method and the main actuarial assumptions used for assessing the Funding Target and the Primary rate of contribution were as follows:

	For past service liabilities (Funding Target)	For future service liabilities (Primary rate of contribution)
Rate of return on investments (discount rate)	4.20% per annum	4.95% per annum
Rate of pay increases (long term)*	3.45% per annum	3.45% per annum
Rate of increases in pensions in payment (in excess of Guaranteed Minimum Pension)	2.2% per annum	2.2% per annum

* allowance was also made for short-term public sector pay restraint over a 4-year period.

The assets were assessed at market value.

The next triennial actuarial valuation of the Fund is due as at 31 March 2019. Based on the results of this valuation, the contribution rates payable by the individual employers will be revised with effect from 1 April 2020.

CLWYD PENSION FUND ACCOUNTS

Actuarial Present Value of Promised Retirement Benefits for the Purposes of IAS 26

IAS 26 requires the present value of the Fund's promised retirement benefits to be disclosed, and for this purpose the actuarial assumptions and methodology used should be based on IAS 19 rather than the assumptions and methodology used for funding purposes.

To assess the value of the benefits on this basis, we have used the following financial assumptions as at 31 March 2019 (the 31 March 2018 assumptions are included for comparison):

	31 March 2018	31 March 2019
Rate of return on investments (discount rate)	2.6% per annum	2.4% per annum
Rate of CPI Inflation / CARE revaluation	2.1% per annum	2.2% per annum
Rate of pay increases*	3.35% per annum	3.45% per annum
Rate of increases in pensions in payment (in excess of Guaranteed Minimum Pension) / Deferred revaluation	2.2% per annum	2.3% per annum

* includes a corresponding allowance to that made in the latest formal actuarial valuation for short-term public sector pay restraint.

The demographic assumptions are the same as those used for funding purposes. Full details of these assumptions are set out in the formal report on the actuarial valuation dated March 2017.

During the year, corporate bond yields decreased slightly, resulting in a lower discount rate being used for IAS 26 purposes at the year-end than at the beginning of the year (2.4% p.a. versus 2.6% p.a.). The expected long-term rate of CPI inflation increased during the year, from 2.1% p.a. to 2.2%. Both of these factors served to increase the liabilities over the year.

The value of the Fund's promised retirement benefits for the purposes of IAS 26 as at 31 March 2018 was estimated as £2,629 million. Interest over the year increased the liabilities by c£69 million, and net benefits accrued/paid over the period also increased the liabilities by c£21 million (after allowing for any increase in liabilities arising as a result of early retirements/augmentations). There was also an increase in liabilities of £151 million due to "actuarial losses" (i.e. the effect of changes in the assumptions used, referred to above).

The net effect of all the above is that the estimated total value of the Fund's promised retirement benefits as at 31 March 2019 is therefore £2,870 million.

The McCloud Case

In December 2018 the Court of Appeal ruled against the Government in the two linked cases of Sargeant and McCloud (which for the purposes of the LGPS has generally been shortened to "McCloud"), relating to the Firefighter unfunded pension schemes and the Judicial pension arrangements. In essence, the Court held that the transitional protections, which were afforded to older members when the reformed schemes were introduced in 2015, constituted unlawful age discrimination. The Government is attempting to appeal the cases, but it is not known at this stage whether an appeal will even be possible. If the Government ultimately loses these cases then remedial action in the form of increases in benefits for some members is likely to be required. There may well also be knock-on effects

CLWYD PENSION FUND ACCOUNTS

for the other public service schemes, and the LGPS might therefore also be required to take some action. At this stage it is uncertain whether remedial action will be required, nor is it clear what the extent of any potential remedial action might be.

The LGPS Scheme Advisory Board has commissioned the Government Actuary's Department (GAD) to calculate some indicative costs on an LGPS-wide basis so that Funds can give some consideration to the overall issue and form a view on whether any more detailed work is required. Whilst GAD have not yet reported on their findings, initial indications are that the impact on liabilities could be of the order of 0.5% to 1% of liabilities. This is well within the approximations inherent in the liability calculation shown above, which is based on a "roll-forward" of the 2016 actuarial valuation results rather than being a full recalculation, and in any case is within normal acceptable tolerances for this type of work given the general approximations which need to be made. We have therefore not included a specific provision for the potential additional liabilities arising from the McCloud case.

GMP Equalisation

UK and European law requires pension schemes to provide equal benefits to men and women in respect of service after 17 May 1990 (the date of the "Barber" judgment) and this includes providing equal benefits accrued from that date to reflect the differences in GMPs. Previously, there was no consensus or legislative guidance as to how this might be achieved in practice for ongoing schemes, but the 26 October 2018 Lloyds Bank court judgement has now provided further clarity in this area. However, in response to this judgement HM Treasury stated that "public sector schemes already have a method to equalise guaranteed minimum pension benefits, which is why we will not have to change our method as a result of this judgment", clearly implying that the Government (who have the overall power to determine benefits provision) believe the judgement itself will not affect the benefits. Therefore, the natural conclusion for the main public service pension schemes including the Local Government Pension Scheme is that it is not appropriate for any provision to be included for the effect of the Lloyds Bank judgment, at least at the present time, and so we have not made any allowance for any additional liabilities within the above figures at this stage. However, in due course there may be a further cost to the LGPS in connection with equalisation/indexation, when the Government confirms the overall approach which it wishes to adopt in this area following its consultation.

- **Paul Middleman**
 - **Fellow of the Institute and Faculty of Actuaries**
 - **Mercer Limited**
- June 2019

Mark Wilson
Fellow of the Institute and Faculty of Actuaries
Mercer Limited